**ActiveMQ terms**

Here's a breakdown of those terms in the context of ActiveMQ and messaging systems (also applicable to similar systems like Apache Camel when used with ActiveMQ):﻿---﻿1. poll queue﻿A poll queue is a queue from which a consumer actively polls messages (i.e., checks for new messages at intervals), rather than receiving them automatically via listeners.﻿Typically used when integration frameworks (like Apache Camel) use a polling consumer to read messages.﻿---﻿2. source queue﻿The source queue is the queue from which the system reads messages.﻿It’s the starting point in a message route or integration flow.﻿---﻿3. mypath﻿This term likely refers to a route path or endpoint URI in a routing or integration framework like Camel.﻿Could be a custom name or symbolic reference to a particular flow or route configuration.﻿---﻿4. testsource queue﻿A test queue used for development or testing purposes.﻿Similar to the source queue, but used to simulate real-world inputs in test environments.﻿---﻿5. target queue﻿The destination queue where processed messages are sent to.﻿In routing logic, after the message is transformed or enriched, it gets forwarded to the target queue.﻿---﻿6. deadLetterChannel (DLQ)﻿A Dead Letter Queue (DLQ) is where messages go when they fail processing repeatedly.﻿Helps prevent message loss by isolating problematic messages for later inspection or reprocessing.﻿---﻿7. maximumRedeliveries﻿Defines how many times a message should be retried before giving up and moving it to the DLQ.﻿Example: maximumRedeliveries = 3 means it will retry 3 times before failing.﻿---﻿8. reDeliveryDelay﻿The wait time between retry attempts when redelivering a failed message.﻿Helps avoid overwhelming the system or retrying too quickly.﻿---﻿9. eventPubSubProject﻿Refers to a project or namespace for a Pub/Sub system (often used when integrating with Google Cloud Pub/Sub).﻿In ActiveMQ, this might be part of metadata if you’re bridging to/from another messaging platform.﻿---﻿10. eventPubSubTopic﻿The topic name in a publish-subscribe system (like Google Pub/Sub or JMS Topics).﻿In Pub/Sub, producers publish to a topic, and multiple subscribers can receive the message.﻿---﻿If you’re using something like Apache Camel with ActiveMQ, these terms often show up in XML or Java DSL route configurations.